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# JSON Web Encryption JSON Serialization (JWE-JS) draft-jones-jose-jwe-json-serialization-04

#### **Abstract**

The JSON Web Encryption JSON Serialization (JWE-JS) is a means of representing encrypted content using JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) data structures. This specification describes a means of representing secured content as a JSON data object (as opposed to the JWE specification, which uses a compact serialization with a URL-safe representation). It enables the same content to be encrypted to multiple parties (unlike JWE). Cryptographic algorithms and identifiers used with this specification are described in the separate JSON Web Algorithms (JWA) specification. The JSON Serialization for related digital signature and MAC functionality is described in the separate JSON Web Signature JSON Serialization (JWS-JS) specification.

#### Status of this Memo

This Internet-Draft is submitted in full conformance with the provisions of BCP 78 and BCP 79.

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#### 1. Introduction

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The JSON Web Encryption JSON Serialization (JWE-JS) is a format for representing encrypted content as a JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) [RFC4627] object. It enables the same content to be encrypted to multiple parties (unlike JWE [JWE].) The encryption mechanisms are independent of the type of content being encrypted. Cryptographic algorithms and identifiers used with this specification are described in the separate JSON Web Algorithms (JWA) [JWA] specification. The JSON Serialization for related digital signature and MAC functionality is described in the separate JSON Web Signature JSON Serialization (JWS-JS) [JWS-JS] specification.

#### 1.1. Notational Conventions

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The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels [RFC2119].

## 2. Terminology

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This specification uses the same terminology as the JSON Web Encryption (JWE) [JWE] specification.

## 3. JSON Serialization

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The JSON Serialization represents encrypted content as a JSON object with a recipients member containing an array of per-recipient information, an initialization\_vector member containing a shared Encoded JWE Initialization Vector value, and a ciphertext member containing a shared Encoded JWE Ciphertext value. Each member of the recipients array is a JSON object with a header member containing an Encoded JWE Header value, an encrypted\_key member containing an Encoded JWE Encrypted Key value, and an integrity\_value member containing an Encoded JWE Integrity Value value.

Unlike the compact serialization used by JWEs, content using the JSON Serialization MAY be encrypted to more than one recipient. Each recipient requires:

- a JWE Header value specifying the cryptographic parameters used to encrypt the JWE Encrypted Key to that recipient and the parameters used to encrypt the plaintext to produce the JWE Ciphertext; this is represented as an Encoded JWE Header value in the header member of an object in the recipients array.
- a JWE Encrypted Key value used to encrypt the ciphertext; this is represented as an Encoded JWE Encrypted Key value in the encrypted\_key member of the same object in the recipients array.
- a JWE Integrity Value that ensures the integrity of the Ciphertext and the parameters used to create it; this is represented as an Encoded JWE Integrity Value value in the integrity\_value member of the same object in the recipients array.

Therefore, the syntax is:

The contents of the Encoded JWE Header, Encoded JWE Encrypted Key, Encoded JWE Initialization Vector, Encoded JWE Ciphertext, and Encoded JWE Integrity Value values are exactly as specified in JSON Web Encryption (JWE) [JWE]. They are interpreted and validated in the same manner, with each corresponding header, encrypted\_key, and integrity\_value value being created and validated together.

Each JWE Encrypted Key value and the corresponding JWE Integrity Value are computed using the parameters of the corresponding JWE Header value in the same manner described in the JWE specification. This has the desirable result that each Encoded JWE Encrypted Key value in the recipients array and each Encoded JWE Integrity Value in the same array element are identical to the values that would have been computed for the same parameters in a JWE, as is the shared JWE Ciphertext value.

All recipients use the same JWE Ciphertext and JWE Initialization Vector values, resulting in potentially significant space savings if the message is large. Therefore, all header parameters that specify the treatment of the JWE Ciphertext value MUST be the same for all recipients. This primarily means that the enc (encryption method) header parameter value in the JWE Header for each recipient MUST be the same.

## 4. Example JWE-JS

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This section contains an example using the JWE JSON Serialization. This example demonstrates the capability for encrypting the same plaintext to multiple recipients.

Two recipients are present in this example: the first using the RSAES-PKCS1-V1\_5 algorithm to encrypt the Content Master Key (CMK) and the second using RSAES OAEP to encrypt the CMK. The Plaintext is encrypted using the AES CBC algorithm and the same block encryption parameters to produce the common JWE Ciphertext value. The two Decoded JWE Header Segments used are:

```
{"alg":"RSA1_5","enc":"A128CBC+HS256"}
```

and:

```
{"alg":"RSA-0AEP","enc":"A128CBC+HS256"}
```

The keys used for the first recipient are the same as those in Appendix A.2 of [JWE], as is the plaintext used. The asymmetric encryption key used for the second recipient is the same as that used in Appendix A.1 of [JWE]; the block encryption keys and parameters for the second recipient are the same as those for the first recipient (which must be the case, since the initialization vector and ciphertext are shared).

The complete JSON Web Encryption JSON Serialization (JWE-JS) for these values is as follows (with line breaks for display purposes only):

```
{"recipients":[
{"header":
```

```
"eyJhbGciOiJSUOExXzUiLCJlbmMiOiJBMTI4QOJDKOhTMjU2InO",
   "encrypted key":
    "ZmnlqWqjXyqwjr7cXHys8F79anIUI6J2UWdAyRQEcGBU-KPHsePM910_RoTDG
     u1IW40Dn0dvcdVEjpJcPPNIbzWcMxDi131Ejeg-b8ViW5YX5oRdYdiR4gMSDD
     B3mbkInMNUFT-PK5CuZRnHB2rUK5fhPuF6XFqLLZCG5Q_rJm6Evex-XLcNQAJ
     Na1-6CIU12Wj3mPExxw9vbnsQDU7B4BfmhdyiflLA7Ae5ZGoVRl3A__yLPXxR
     jHFhpOeDp_adx8NyejF5cz9yDKULugNsDMdlHeJQOMGVLYaSZt3KP6aWNSqFA
     1PHDg-10ceuTEtq_vPE4-Gtev4N4K4Eudlj4Q",
   "integrity_value":
    "8LXqMd0JLGsxMaB5uoNaMpg7uUW_p40RlaZHCwMIyzk"},
  {"header":
    "eyJhbGci0iJSU0EtT0FFUCIsImVuYyI6IkExMjhDQkMrSFMyNTYifQ",
   "encrypted key":
    "nxwnYB86zEvVRofSxnDuFAE9-Gi2JtCy5eMyYedowjfGlkoA-Y0JyfwWXE_EU
     vhq6WS_DM3a18You2Qsah3BvvSRPZ8-TNYX3_4QCE0-V8EVbF1eGoJFs90DmC
     c0iuMl1xLnSAYlwEDDnhwEkXv8o6MZEvh-msqTY6NyFGd6mhjpu9P4o2F2h0e
     Nt6FthcR4cNpAVSbydEEBszsrp27nB-JwfmLjnSYQ01JBwbgUJXHZyIJcQa7i
     43VkoO2HkWTxBtaOq5Zr_Jd7V2l-6HLYIuNc7fZH1DSJSTBTotcugumR5zNX_
     uxQyMoWOQ-SsQ7HxqrrFbo5FNoLPZiuNYuCdQ",
   "integrity_value":
    "QbYksTWNZTcMfJMLoGB_aTCA0-IuNObm19_VdpabviM"}],
 "initialization_vector":
  "AxY8DCtDaGlsbGljb3RoZQ",
 "ciphertext":
  "Rxsjg6PIExcmGSF7LnSEkDqWIKfAw1wZz2XpabV5PwQsolKwEauWYZNE9Q1hZJE
  7"
}
```

## 5. IANA Considerations

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This specification makes no requests of IANA.

### 6. Security Considerations

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The security considerations for this specification are the same as those for the JSON Web Encryption (JWE) [JWE] specification.

#### 7. References

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#### 7.1. Normative References

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- [JWA] Jones, M., "JSON Web Algorithms (JWA)," draft-ietf-jose-json-web-algorithms (work in progress), December 2012 (HTML).
- [JWE] Jones, M., Rescorla, E., and J. Hildebrand, "JSON Web Encryption (JWE)," draft-ietf-jose-json-web-encryption (work in progress), December 2012 (HTML).
- [RFC2119] <u>Bradner, S.</u>, "<u>Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels</u>," BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997 (<u>TXT</u>, <u>HTML</u>, <u>XML</u>).
- [RFC4627] Crockford, D., "<u>The application/json Media Type for JavaScript Object Notation (JSON)</u>," RFC 4627, July 2006 (<u>TXT</u>).

## 7.2. Informative References

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[JWS-JS]

Jones, M., Bradley, J., and N. Sakimura, "JSON Web Signature JSON Serialization (JWS-JS)," draft-jones-jose-jws-json-serialization (work in progress), December 2012 (HTML).

## Appendix A. Acknowledgements

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JSON serializations for encrypted content were previously explored by **JSON Simple Encryption** [JSE] and **JavaScript Message Security Format** [I-D.rescorla-jsms].

## Appendix B. Open Issues

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[[ to be removed by the RFC editor before publication as an RFC ]]

The following items remain to be considered or done in this draft:

• Track changes that occur in the JWE spec.

## Appendix C. Document History

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[[ to be removed by the RFC editor before publication as an RFC ]]

-04

Added seriesInfo information to Internet Draft references.

-03

Updated values for example AES CBC calculations.

-02

- Changed to use an array of structures for per-recipient values, rather than a set of parallel arrays.
- Promoted Initialization Vector from being a header parameter to being a toplevel JWE element. This saves approximately 16 bytes in the compact serialization, which is a significant savings for some use cases. Promoting the Initialization Vector out of the header also avoids repeating this shared value in the JSON serialization.

-01

- Added a complete JWE-JS example.
- Generalized language to refer to Message Authentication Codes (MACs) rather than Hash-based Message Authentication Codes (HMACs).

-00

Renamed draft-jones-json-web-encryption-json-serialization to draft-jones-jose-jwe-json-serialization to have "jose" be in the document name so it can be included in the Related Documents list at http://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/jose/. No normative changes.

draft-jones-json-web-encryption-json-serialization-02

- Updated examples to track updated algorithm properties in the JWA spec.
- Tracked editorial changes made to the JWE spec.

draft-jones-json-web-encryption-json-serialization-01

• Tracked changes between JOSE JWE draft -00 and -01, which added an integrity check for non-Authenticated Encryption algorithms.

draft-jones-json-web-encryption-json-serialization-00

• Created the initial version incorporating JOSE working group input and drawing from the JSON Serialization previously proposed in draft-jones-json-web-token-01.

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