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The ARIA Algorithm and Its Use with the Secure Real-time Transport
Protocol(SRTP)
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Abstract

This document defines the use of the ARIA block cipher algorithm within the Secure Real-time Transport Protocol (SRTP). It details two modes of operation (CTR, GCM) and the SRTP Key Derivation Functions for ARIA. Additionally, this document defines DTLS-SRTP protection profiles and MIKEY parameter sets for the use with ARIA.

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1. Introduction

This document defines the use of the ARIA [RFC5794] block cipher algorithm in the Secure Real-time Transport Protocol (SRTP) [RFC3711] for providing confidentiality for the Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP) [RFC3550] traffic and for the RTP Control Protocol (RTCP) [RFC3550] traffic.

1.1. ARIA

ARIA is a general-purpose block cipher algorithm developed by Korean cryptographers in 2003. It is an iterated block cipher with 128-, 192-, and 256-bit keys and encrypts 128-bit blocks in 12, 14, and 16

rounds, depending on the key size. It is secure and suitable for most software and hardware implementations on 32-bit and 8-bit processors. It was established as a Korean standard block cipher algorithm in 2004 [ARIAKS] and has been widely used in Korea, especially for government-to-public services. It was included in PKCS #11 in 2007 [ARIAPKCS]. The algorithm specification and object identifiers are described in [RFC5794].

1.2. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

2. Cryptographic Transforms

Block ciphers ARIA and AES share common characteristics including mode, key size, and block size. ARIA does not have any restrictions for modes of operation that are used with this block cipher. We define two modes of running ARIA within the SRTP protocol, (1) ARIA in Counter Mode (ARIA-CTR) and (2) ARIA in Galois/Counter Mode (ARIA-GCM).

2.1. ARIA-CTR

Section 4.1.1 of [RFC3711] defines AES-128 counter mode encryption, which it refers to as "AES_CM". Section 2 of [RFC6188] defines "AES_256_CM" in SRTP. ARIA counter modes are defined in the same manner except that each invocation of AES is replaced by that of ARIA [RFC5794], and are denoted by ARIA_128_CTR and ARIA_256_CTR, respectively, according to the key lengths. The plaintext inputs to the block cipher are formed as in AES-CTR(AES_CM, AES_256_CM) and the block cipher outputs are processed as in AES-CTR. Note that, ARIA-CTR MUST be used only in conjunction with an authentication transform.

Section 3.2 of [RFC6904] defines AES-CTR for SRTP header extension keystream generation. When ARIA-CTR is used, the header extension keystream SHALL be generated in the same manner except that each invocation of AES is replaced by that of ARIA [RFC5794].

2.2. ARIA-GCM

GCM (Galois Counter Mode) [GCM][RFC5116] is an AEAD (Authenticated Encryption with Associated Data) block cipher mode. A detailed description of ARIA-GCM is defined similarly as AES-GCM found in [RFC5116][RFC5282].

The document [RFC7714] describes the use of AES-GCM with SRTP [RFC3711][RFC6904]. The use of ARIA-GCM with SRTP is defined the same as that of AES-GCM except that each invocation of AES is replaced by ARIA [RFC5794]. When encryption of header extensions [RFC6904] is in use, a separate keystream to encrypt selected RTP header extension elements MUST be generated in the same manner defined in [RFC7714] except that AES-CTR is replaced by ARIA-CTR.

3. Key Derivation Functions

Section 4.3.3 of [RFC3711] defines the AES-128 counter mode key derivation function, which it refers to as "AES-CM PRF". Section 3 of [RFC6188] defines the AES-256 counter mode key derivation function, which it refers to as "AES_256_CM_PRF". The ARIA-CTR PRF is defined in a same manner except that each invocation of AES is replaced by that of ARIA. According to the key lengths of underlying encryption algorithm, ARIA-CTR PRFs are denoted by "ARIA_128_CTR_PRF" and "ARIA_256_CTR_PRF". The usage requirements of [RFC6188][RFC7714] regarding the AES-CM PRF apply to the ARIA-CTR PRF as well.

4. Protection Profiles

This section defines SRTP Protection Profiles that use the ARIA transforms and key derivation functions defined in this document. The following list indicates the SRTP transform parameters for each protection profile. Those are described for use with DTLS-SRTP [RFC5764].

The parameters `cipher_key_length`, `cipher_salt_length`, `auth_key_length`, and `auth_tag_length` express the number of bits in the values to which they refer. The `maximum_lifetime` parameter indicates the maximum number of packets that can be protected with each single set of keys when the parameter profile is in use. All of these parameters apply to both RTP and RTCP, unless the RTCP parameters are separately specified.

SRTP_ARIA_128_CTR_HMAC_SHA1_80

<code>cipher:</code>	ARIA_128_CTR
<code>cipher_key_length:</code>	128 bits
<code>cipher_salt_length:</code>	112 bits
<code>key derivation function:</code>	ARIA_128_CTR_PRF
<code>auth_function:</code>	HMAC-SHA1
<code>auth_key_length:</code>	160 bits
<code>auth_tag_length:</code>	80 bits
<code>maximum_lifetime:</code>	at most 2^{31} SRTCP packets and at most 2^{48} SRTP packets

SRTP_ARIA_128_CTR_HMAC_SHA1_32

cipher: ARIA_128_CTR
 cipher_key_length: 128 bits
 cipher_salt_length: 112 bits
 key derivation function: ARIA_128_CTR_PRF
 auth_function: HMAC-SHA1
 auth_key_length: 160 bits
 SRTP_auth_tag_length: 32 bits
 SRTCP_auth_tag_length: 80 bits
 maximum_lifetime: at most 2^{31} SRTCP packets and
 at most 2^{48} SRTP packets

SRTP_ARIA_256_CTR_HMAC_SHA1_80

cipher: ARIA_256_CTR
 cipher_key_length: 256 bits
 cipher_salt_length: 112 bits
 key derivation function: ARIA_256_CTR_PRF
 auth_function: HMAC-SHA1
 auth_key_length: 160 bits
 auth_tag_length: 80 bits
 maximum_lifetime: at most 2^{31} SRTCP packets and
 at most 2^{48} SRTP packets

SRTP_ARIA_256_CTR_HMAC_SHA1_32

cipher: ARIA_256_CTR
 cipher_key_length: 256 bits
 cipher_salt_length: 112 bits
 key derivation function: ARIA_256_CTR_PRF
 auth_function: HMAC-SHA1
 auth_key_length: 160 bits
 SRTP_auth_tag_length: 32 bits
 SRTCP_auth_tag_length: 80 bits
 maximum_lifetime: at most 2^{31} SRTCP packets and
 at most 2^{48} SRTP packets

SRTP_AEAD_ARIA_128_GCM

cipher: ARIA_128_GCM
 cipher_key_length: 128 bits
 cipher_salt_length: 96 bits
 aead_auth_tag_length: 128 bits
 auth_function: NULL
 auth_key_length: N/A
 auth_tag_length: N/A
 key derivation function: ARIA_128_CTR_PRF
 maximum_lifetime: at most 2^{31} SRTCP packets and
 at most 2^{48} SRTP packets

SRTP_AEAD_ARIA_256_GCM

cipher: ARIA_256_GCM

```

cipher_key_length:      256 bits
cipher_salt_length:    96 bits
aead_auth_tag_length:  128 bits
auth_function:         NULL
auth_key_length:       N/A
auth_tag_length:       N/A
key derivation function: ARIA_256_CTR_PRF
maximum_lifetime:      at most 2^31 SRTCP packets and
                       at most 2^48 SRTP packets

```

The ARIA-CTR protection profiles use the same authentication transform that is mandatory to implement in SRTP, HMAC-SHA1 with a 160-bit key.

Note that SRTP Protection Profiles that use AEAD algorithms do not specify an `auth_function`, `auth_key_length`, or `auth_tag_length`, since they do not use a separate `auth_function`, `auth_key`, or `auth_tag`. The term `aead_auth_tag_length` is used to emphasize that this refers to the authentication tag provided by the AEAD algorithm and that this tag is not located in the authentication tag field provided by SRTP/SRTCP.

The PRFs for ARIA protection profiles are defined by ARIA-CTR PRF of the equal key length with the encryption algorithm (see Section 2). `SRTP_ARIA_128_CTR_HMAC` and `SRTP_AEAD_ARIA_128_GCM` MUST use the `ARIA_128_CTR_PRF` Key Derivation Function. And `SRTP_ARIA_256_CTR_HMAC` and `SRTP_AEAD_ARIA_256_GCM` MUST use the `ARIA_256_CTR_PRF` Key Derivation Function.

MIKEY specifies the SRTP protection profile definition separately from the key length (which is specified by the Session Encryption key length) and the authentication tag length. The DTLS-SRTP [RFC5764] protection profiles are mapped to MIKEY parameter sets as shown below.

	Encryption Algorithm	Encryption Key Length	Auth. Tag Length
<code>SRTP_ARIA_128_CTR_HMAC_80</code>	ARIA-CTR	16 octets	10 octets
<code>SRTP_ARIA_128_CTR_HMAC_32</code>	ARIA-CTR	16 octets	4 octets
<code>SRTP_ARIA_256_CTR_HMAC_80</code>	ARIA-CTR	32 octets	10 octets
<code>SRTP_ARIA_256_CTR_HMAC_32</code>	ARIA-CTR	32 octets	4 octets

Figure 1: Mapping MIKEY parameters to ARIA-CTR with HMAC algorithm

	Encryption Algorithm	Encryption Key Length	AEAD Auth. Tag Length
SRTP_AEAD_ARIA_128_GCM	ARIA-GCM	16 octets	16 octets
SRTP_AEAD_ARIA_256_GCM	ARIA-GCM	32 octets	16 octets

Figure 2: Mapping MIKEY parameters to AEAD algorithm

5. Security Considerations

At the time of publication of this document no security problem has been found on ARIA. Previous security analysis results are summarized in [ATY].

The security considerations in [GCM] [RFC3711] [RFC5116] [RFC6188] [RFC6904] [RFC7714] apply to this document as well. This document includes crypto suites with authentication tags of length less than 80 bits. These suites MAY be used for certain application contexts where longer authentication tags may be undesirable, for example, those mentioned in [RFC3711] section 7.5. Otherwise, short authentication tags SHOULD NOT be used, since may reduce authentication strength. See [RFC3711] section 9.5 for a discussion of risks related to weak authentication in SRTP.

At the time of publication of this document, SRTP recommends HMAC-SHA1 as the default and mandatory-to-implement MAC algorithm. All currently registered SRTP crypto suites except the GCM based ones use HMAC-SHA1 as their HMAC algorithm to provide message authentication. Due to security concerns with SHA-1 [RFC6194], the IETF is gradually moving away from SHA-1 and towards stronger hash algorithms such as SHA-2 or SHA-3 families. For SRTP, however, SHA-1 is only used in the calculation of an HMAC, and no security issue is known for this usage at the time of this publication.

6. IANA Considerations

6.1. DTLS-SRTP

DTLS-SRTP [RFC5764] defines a DTLS-SRTP "SRTP Protection Profile". In order to allow the use of the algorithms defined in this document in DTLS-SRTP, IANA is requested to add the protection profiles below to the "DTLS-SRTP Protection Profiles" created by [RFC5764], located on the following IANA page at time of writing:
<http://www.iana.org/assignments/srtp-protection/>.

SRTP_ARIA_128_CTR_HMAC_SHA1_80 = {TBD,TBD}

```

SRTP_ARIA_128_CTR_HMAC_SHA1_32 = {TBD,TBD}
SRTP_ARIA_256_CTR_HMAC_SHA1_80 = {TBD,TBD}
SRTP_ARIA_256_CTR_HMAC_SHA1_32 = {TBD,TBD}
SRTP_AEAD_ARIA_128_GCM = {TBD,TBD}
SRTP_AEAD_ARIA_256_GCM = {TBD,TBD}

```

6.2. MIKEY

[RFC3830] and [RFC5748] define encryption algorithms and PRFs for the SRTP policy in MIKEY. In order to allow the use of the algorithms defined in this document in MIKEY, IANA is requested to add the two encryption algorithms below to the "MIKEY Security Protocol Parameters SRTP Type 0 (Encryption algorithm)" and to add the PRF below to the "MIKEY Security Protocol Parameters SRTP Type 5 (Pseudo Random Function)" created by [RFC3830], located on the following IANA page at time of writing: <http://www.iana.org/assignments/mikey-payloads/>.

SRTP Enc. alg	Value
ARIA-CTR	TBD
ARIA-GCM	TBD

Default session encryption key length is 16 octets.

SRTP PRF	Value
ARIA-CTR	TBD

7. References

7.1. Normative References

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7.2. Informative References

- [ARIAKS] Korean Agency for Technology and Standards, "128 bit block encryption algorithm ARIA - Part 1: General (in Korean)", KS X 1213-1:2009, December 2009.
- [ARIAPKCS] RSA Laboratories, "Additional PKCS #11 Mechanisms", PKCS #11 v2.20 Amendment 3 Revision 1, January 2007.
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- [RFC5748] Yoon, S., Jeong, J., Kim, H., Jeong, H., and Y. Won, "IANA Registry Update for Support of the SEED Cipher Algorithm in Multimedia Internet KEYing (MIKEY)", RFC 5748, DOI 10.17487/RFC5748, August 2010, <<http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc5748>>.
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Appendix A. Test Vectors

All values are in hexadecimal and represented by the network order (called big endian).

A.1. ARIA-CTR Test Vectors

Common values are organized as follows:

Rollover Counter:	00000000
Sequence Number:	315e
SSRC:	20e8f5eb
Authentication Key:	f93563311b354748c978913795530631 16452309
Session Salt:	cd3a7c42c671e0067a2a2639b43a
Initialization Vector:	cd3a7c42e69915ed7a2a263985640000
RTP header:	8008315ebf2e6fe020e8f5eb
RTP Payload:	f57af5fd4ae19562976ec57a5a7ad55a 5af5c5e5c5fdf5c55ad57a4a7272d572 62e9729566ed66e97ac54a4a5a7ad5e1 5ae5fdd5fd5ac5d56ae56ad5c572d54a e54ac55a956afd6aed5a4ac562957a95 16991691d572fd14e97ae962ed7a9f4a 955af572e162f57a956666e17ae1f54a 95f566d54a66e16e4afd6a9f7ae1c5c5 5ae5d56afde916c5e94a6ec56695e14a fde1148416e94ad57ac5146ed59d1cc5

A.1.1. SRTP_ARIA_128_CTR_HMAC_SHA1_80

Session Key: 0c5ffd37a11edc42c325287fc0604f2e

Encrypted RTP Payload: 1bf753f412e6f35058cc398dc851aae3
a6ccdc463fbed9cfb3de2fb76fdffa9
e481f5efb64c92487f59dabbc7cc72da
092485f3fbad87888820b86037311fa4
4330e18a59a1e1338ba2c21458493a57
463475c54691f91cec785429119e0dfc
d9048f90e07fec50b528e8c62ee6e71
445de5d7f659405135aff3604c2ca4ff
4aaca40809cb9eee42cc4ad232307570
81ca289f2851d3315e9568b501fdce6d

Authenticated portion || Rollover Counter:
8008315ebf2e6fe020e8f5eb1bf753f4
12e6f35058cc398dc851aae3a6ccdc4
63fbed9cfb3de2fb76fdffa9e481f5ef
b64c92487f59dabbc7cc72da092485f3
fbad87888820b86037311fa44330e18a
59a1e1338ba2c21458493a57463475c5
4691f91cec785429119e0dfcd9048f90
e07fec50b528e8c62ee6e71445de5d7
f659405135aff3604c2ca4ff4aaca408
09cb9eee42cc4ad23230757081ca289f
2851d3315e9568b501fdce6d00000000

Authentication Tag: f9de4e729054672b0e35

A.1.2. SRTP_ARIA_256_CTR_HMAC_SHA1_80

Session Key: 0c5ffd37a11edc42c325287fc0604f2e
3e8cd5671a00fe3216aa5eb105783b54

Encrypted RTP Payload: c424c59fd5696305e5b13d8e8ca76566
17ccd7471088af9debf07b55c750f804
a5ac2b737be48140958a9b420524112a
e72e4da5bca59d2b1019ddd7dbdc30b4
3d5f046152ced40947d62d2c93e7b8e5
0f02db2b6b61b010e4c1566884de1fa9
702cdf8157e8aedfe3dd77c76bb50c25
ae4d624615c15acfdeeb5f79482aaa01
d3e4c05eb601eca2bd10518e9d46b021
16359232e9eac0fabd05235dd09e6dea

Authenticated portion || Rollover Counter:
8008315ebf2e6fe020e8f5ebc424c59f
d5696305e5b13d8e8ca7656617ccd747
1088af9debf07b55c750f804a5ac2b73
7be48140958a9b420524112ae72e4da5
bca59d2b1019ddd7dbdc30b43d5f0461
52ced40947d62d2c93e7b8e50f02db2b
6b61b010e4c1566884de1fa9702cdf81
57e8aedfe3dd77c76bb50c25ae4d6246
15c15acfdeeb5f79482aaa01d3e4c05e
b601eca2bd10518e9d46b02116359232
e9eac0fabd05235dd09e6dea00000000

Authentication Tag: 192f515fab04bbb4e62c

A.2. ARIA-GCM Test Vectors

Common values are organized as follows:

```
Rollover Counter:      00000000
Sequence Number:      315e
SSRC:                 20e8f5eb
Encryption Salt:      000000000000000000000000

Initialization Vector: 000020e8f5eb00000000315e
RTP Payload:          f57af5fd4ae19562976ec57a5a7ad55a
                    5af5c5e5c5fdf5c55ad57a4a7272d572
                    62e9729566ed66e97ac54a4a5a7ad5e1
                    5ae5fdd5fd5ac5d56ae56ad5c572d54a
                    e54ac55a956afd6aed5a4ac562957a95
                    16991691d572fd14e97ae962ed7a9f4a
                    955af572e162f57a956666e17ae1f54a
                    95f566d54a66e16e4afd6a9f7ae1c5c5
                    5ae5d56afde916c5e94a6ec56695e14a
                    fde1148416e94ad57ac5146ed59d1cc5

Associated Data:      8008315ebf2e6fe020e8f5eb
```

The length of encrypted payload is larger than that of payload by 16 octets that is the length of the tag from GCM.

A.2.1. SRTP_AEAD_ARIA_128_GCM

```
Key:                  e91e5e75da65554a48181f3846349562

Encrypted RTP Payload: 4d8a9a0675550c704b17d8c9ddc81a5c
                    d6f7da34f2fe1b3db7cb3dfb9697102e
                    a0f3c1fc2dbc873d44bceae8e444297
                    4ba21ff6789d3272613fb9631a7cf3f1
                    4bacbeb421633a90ffbe58c2fa6bdca5
                    34f10d0de0502ce1d531b6336e588782
                    78531e5c22bc6c85bbd784d78d9e680a
                    a19031aaf89101d669d7a3965c1f7e16
                    229d7463e0535f4e253f5d18187d40b8
                    ae0f564bd970b5e7e2adfb211e89a953
                    5abace3f37f5a736f4be984bbffbedc1
```

A.2.2. SRTP_AEAD_ARIA_256_GCM

```

Key:          0c5ffd37a11edc42c325287fc0604f2e
              3e8cd5671a00fe3216aa5eb105783b54

Encrypted RTP Payload:  6f9e4bc8c85fc0128fb1e4a0a20cb9
                        932ff74581f54fc013dd054b19f99371
                        425b352d97d3f337b90b63d1b082adee
                        ea9d2d7391897d591b985e55fb50cb53
                        50cf7d38dc27dda127c078a149c8eb98
                        083d66363a46e3726af217d3a00275ad
                        5bf772c7610ea4c23006878f0ee69a83
                        97703169a419303f40b72e4573714d19
                        e2697df61e7c7252e5abc6bade876ac4
                        961bfac4d5e867afca351a48aed52822
                        e210d6ced2cf430ff841472915e7ef48

```

A.3. Key Derivation Test Vector

This section provides test vectors for the default key derivation function that uses ARIA in Counter Mode. In the following, we walk through the initial key derivation for the ARIA Counter Mode cipher that requires a 16/24/32 octet session encryption key according to the session encryption key length and a 14 octet session salt, and an authentication function that requires a 94 octet session authentication key. These values are called the cipher key, the cipher salt, and the auth key in the following. The test vectors are generated in the same way with the test vectors of key derivation functions in [RFC3711] and [RFC6188] but with each invocation of AES replaced with an invocation of ARIA.

A.3.1. ARIA_128_CTR_PRF

The inputs to the key derivation function are the 16 octet master key and the 14 octet master salt:

```

master key:  e1f97a0d3e018be0d64fa32c06de4139
master salt: 0ec675ad498afeebb6960b3aabe6

index DIV kdr:          000000000000
label:                  00
master salt:  0ec675ad498afeebb6960b3aabe6
-----
xor:              0ec675ad498afeebb6960b3aabe6      (x, PRF input)
x*2^16:          0ec675ad498afeebb6960b3aabe60000 (ARIA-CTR input)
cipher key:      dbd85a3c4d9219b3e81f7d942e299de4 (ARIA-CTR output)

```

ARIA-CTR protection profile requires a 14 octet cipher salt while ARIA-GCM protection profile requires a 12 octet cipher salt.

```

index DIV kdr:          000000000000
label:                  02
master salt:  0ec675ad498afeebb6960b3aabe6
-----
xor:                  0ec675ad498afee9b6960b3aabe6      (x, PRF input)

x*2^16:               0ec675ad498afee9b6960b3aabe60000 (ARIA-CTR input)
                    9700657f5f34161830d7d85f5dc8be7f (ARIA-CTR output)

cipher salt:  9700657f5f34161830d7d85f5dc8      (ARIA-CTR profile)
              9700657f5f34161830d7d85f      (ARIA-GCM profile)

index DIV kdr:          000000000000
label:                  01
master salt:  0ec675ad498afeebb6960b3aabe6
-----
xor:                  0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe6      (x, PRF input)

x*2^16:               0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe60000 (ARIA-CTR input)

```

Below, the auth key is shown on the left, while the corresponding ARIA input blocks are shown on the right.

auth key	ARIA input blocks
d021877bd3eaf92d581ed70ddc050e03	0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe60000
f11257032676f2a29f57b21abd3a1423	0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe60001
769749bdc5dd9ca5b43ca6b6c1f3a7de	0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe60002
4047904bcf811f601cc03eaa5d7af6db	0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe60003
9f88efa2e51ca832fc2a15b126fa7be2	0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe60004
469af896acb1852c31d822c45799	0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe60005

A.3.2. ARIA_256_CTR_PRF

The inputs to the key derivation function are the 32 octet master key and the 14 octet master salt:

```

master key: 0c5ffd37a11edc42c325287fc0604f2e
            3e8cd5671a00fe3216aa5eb105783b54
master salt: 0ec675ad498afeebb6960b3aabe6

index DIV kdr:          000000000000
label:                  00
master salt: 0ec675ad498afeebb6960b3aabe6
-----
xor:                    0ec675ad498afeebb6960b3aabe6      (x, PRF input)

x*2^16:                 0ec675ad498afeebb6960b3aabe60000 (ARIA-CTR input)

cipher key: 0649a09d93755fe9c2b2efbalcce930a (ARIA-CTR 1st output)
            f2e76ce8b77e4b175950321aa94b0cf4 (ARIA-CTR 2nd output)

```

ARIA-CTR protection profile requires a 14 octet cipher salt while
 ARIA-GCM protection profile requires a 12 octet cipher salt.

```

index DIV kdr:          000000000000
label:                  02
master salt: 0ec675ad498afeebb6960b3aabe6
-----
xor:                    0ec675ad498afee9b6960b3aabe6      (x, PRF input)

x*2^16:                 0ec675ad498afee9b6960b3aabe60000 (ARIA-CTR input)

                        194abaa8553a8eba8a413a340fc80a3d (ARIA-CTR output)

cipher salt: 194abaa8553a8eba8a413a340fc8      (ARIA-CTR profile)
            194abaa8553a8eba8a413a34         (ARIA-GCM profile)

index DIV kdr:          000000000000
label:                  01
master salt: 0ec675ad498afeebb6960b3aabe6
-----
xor:                    0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe6      (x, PRF input)

x*2^16:                 0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe60000 (ARIA-CTR input)

```

Below, the auth key is shown on the left, while the corresponding
 ARIA input blocks are shown on the right.

auth key

e58d42915873b71899234807334658f2
0bc460181d06e02b7a9e60f02ff10bfc
9ade3795cf78f3e0f2556d9d913470c4
e82e45d254bfb8e2933851a3930ffe7d
fca751c03ec1e77e35e28dac4f17d1a5
80bdac028766d3b1e8f5a41faa3c

ARIA input blocks

0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe60000
0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe60001
0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe60002
0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe60003
0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe60004
0ec675ad498afeeab6960b3aabe60005

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